

## Microchip Guide

BRAND	CHIP # FORMAT	MANUFACTURER	# DIGITS	FREQUENCY	CONTACT
Datamars, PetLink	981xxxxxxxxxxx	Datamars	15-digit (numeric)	134.2 kHz	1-877-738-5465
HomeAgain	985xxxxxxxxxx 4xxxxxxxxx	Destron Fearing Digital Angel	15-digit (numeric) 10-digit (alphanumeric)	134.2 kHz 125 kHz	1-888-466-3242
AVID	xxx*xxx*xxx xxxxxxxxxx 977xxxxxxxxxxx	AVID	9-digit (numeric) 10-digit (alphanumeric) 15-digit (numeric)	125 kHz 125 kHz 134.2 kHz	1-800-336-2843
24 PetWatch	982xxxxxxxxxx 0A1xxxxxxx	Allflex	15-digit numeric 10-digit alphanumeric	134.2 kHz 125 kHz	1-866-597-2424
AKC Reunite	956xxxxxxxxxx 00xxxxxxxx	Trovan	15-digit (numeric) 10-digit (alphanumeric)	134.2 kHz 128 kHz	1-800-252-7894
Banfield	98101000xxxxxxx 0D0Dxxxxxxx	Datamars Unknown	15-digit (numeric) 10-digit (alphanumeric)	134.2 kHz 125 kHz	1-877-567-8738

Microchip Lookup Tools:

www.petlink.net PetLink 24/7/365 Pet Registry and Recovery Service

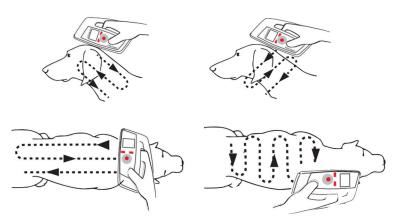
www.petmicrochiplookup.org National database run by the American Animal Hospital Association (AAHA) this searches most (but not all) databases in the USA www.petmaxx.com International database that searches more than 31 international pet recovery databases



## How to Use PetLink Microchip Scanners

Keys To Effective Scanning

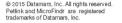
- Hold the Scanner close to, or touching the animal
- Scan slowly and repeatedly over the entire body to check if a microchip is present
   Scanning slowly allows the universal scanner to cycle through multiple frequencies
- Wave the scanner back and forth lightly while scanning, because microchips can be in various orientations within the aninmal
- Scan first in a horizontal, then a vertical "S" pateern down the animals body, as shown in the diagram below
- Consider scanning each animal more than once to ensure any present microchip can be localized by the scanner
- Remove metal collars before scanning. Computers, metal tables and even fluorescent lighting can interfere with effective scanning



Start scanning for microchips at the recommended implantation site. . .

- Canine and Feline: The microchip should be implanted subcutaneously on the dorsal midline, just cranial to the shoulder blades or scapula.
- Equine: The microchip should be implanted within the nuchal ligament in its middle third, or at the halfway point between the ears and withers.
- Other Species: Microchips can also be implanted in primates, rabbits, birds, reptiles and other exotic animals.
   The microchip should be implanted on the animal's left side so that placement is consistent with other companion animal species.
- For more information on recommended microchip implantation sites, visit the World Small Animal Veterinary Association at www.wsava.org

... But don't limit your scan. Be sure to cover the entire animal, including the chest area just to be safe!





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